

PRINCIPLES OF CRIMINOLOGY

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 100 marks

Answer any FIVE questions.

1. Define criminology. Explain the nature and scope of criminology.
2. Explain the recent changes in crime trends and suggests various measures to curb.
3. Explain the contribution of Cartographic school of criminology.
4. Explain about
 - (a) Classical school
 - (b) Neo – Classical school.
5. Examine how far there is cooperation and coordination among various agencies of criminal justice system.
6. Explain the roles of legislature and police in criminal justice system.

7. Define and differentiate between habitual and violent offenders.
 8. Explain the different types of crimes committed by adult and juvenile offenders.
 9. Explain in detail about the organized crime its impact and measures to curb it.
 10. Write short notes on
 - (a) Conventional Crimes
 - (b) White collar crimes
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CRIMINAL LAWS AND PROCEDURE

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 100 marks

Answer any FIVE questions.

1. Social contract theory is the basis of criminal justice system. Explain.
 2. Write short notes on
 - (a) Concept of fair trial
 - (b) I.E.A
 3. "Criminal law provides the ultimate means to the Society for the protection of individuals and its institutions". Discuss.
 4. Trace the sources and contents of Criminal Law in India
 5. Explain the scope of criminal liability of a child.
 6. Define "Crime" and distinguish it from Tort. Can the same act constitute a crime as well as a Tort? Give illustrations.
 7. Define and distinguish between Culpable homicide and Murder, referring to decided cases.
 8. Explain the role of Nyaya panchayat and lok adalat at village level and district level
 9. Write short notes on
 - (a) Strict liability
 - (b) Private defence
 10. Explain the salient features of
 - (a) Juvenile Justice Act
 - (b) Probation of offenders act
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POLICE ADMINISTRATION AND FORENSIC
SCIENCE

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 100 marks

Answer any FIVE questions.

1. Trace the history and evolution of police acts. Explain the salient features of Police Act of 1861.
2. Explain the concept of policing during early periods.
3. Write short notes on
 - (a) police mechanics
 - (b) Special Laws
4. Explain the modern scientific methods applied in process of investigation.
5. Explain the need and significance of crime record bureaus.
6. Explain the role of police in crime prevention functions like surveillance and patrolling.
7. Examine the need for application of advanced techniques in investigation.

8. Explain about police systems in Japan and Singapore.
 9. What is community policing? How far community policing has been successful in its role of crime prevention.
 10. Write short notes on
 - (a) Charge sheet
 - (b) Non-Cognizable offence.
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