

M. Phil Gandhian Thought

MAY 2006 Paper I - PEACE RESEARCH

Time: Three hours Maximum: 75 marks

Answer any FIVE questions. (5 X 15 = 75)

1. Explain the alternative defense policy for India.
2. "Disarmament leads to peace and development". Analyze the statement.
3. Explain the Marxian and Feminist perspectives of peace.
4. "Peace Research is multi - disciplinary". Examine the statement.
5. What is the topic of your M.Phil dissert Explain how you are going to do it?
6. Inter-religious relations become an important area of Peace Research" Explain.
7. Explain the process of selection of a topic for a research.
8. What is meant by Action research and content analysis? Explain.
9. What are the important qualities and qualifications needed for a Peace Researcher?
10. Write short notes on: (a) Mini Peace Research (b)Thesis Editing.

MAY –2006 Paper II - ADVANCED STUDIES IN GANDHIAN THOUGHT

Time: Three hours Maximum: 75 marks

Answer any FIVE questions.(5*15=75)

1. Explain the Indian influences that made Gandhi to become Mahatma.
2. Critically explain Swadeshi is an alternative to Globalization.
3. Examine how J.D. Sethi interpreted Gandhi.
4. Compare prophet Mohammed with Gandhi.
5. Explain your experience of organizing an Gandhian study group in your area.
6. Write an essay on Jeyaprakash Narayanan's total revolution.
7. Compare Gandhian Economy with the present market Economy.
8. Critically assess the contribution of Gandhi and Ambedkar towards untouchability.
9. Explain the Gandhian approach to solve Communal conflicts in India.
10. "Gandhian is ever growing principle" - Explain.

MAY 2006 Paper III - PEACE MAKING

Time: Three hours Maximum: 75 marks

Answer any FIVE questions.(5*15=75)

1. What are the basic skills needed for peaceful resolution of conflicts and crisis management.
2. Discuss the methods and dynamics of non violent action.
3. Explain alternative defence policy with suitable examples.
4. Bring out the various dimensions of inner peace.
5. Narrate the inter personal communication skills.
6. Discuss the non-violent approaches to organizations.
7. What was the contribution of Mahatma Gandhi towards peace - making?
8. What were the peaces- making efforts taken by Fuji Guruji?
9. How will you motivate a person for a peacemaking activity?
10. Examine the role of disaster intervention and disaster management in peace - making.