

MAY 2006 First Year

Paper I PRINCIPLES OF SOCIOLOGY

Time: Three hours

Maximum: 100 marks

Answer any FIVE of the following.

1. Explain the nature, scope and relationship of sociology with other social sciences.
2. Define society and discuss the importance of society for the existence of individual.
3. Trace out the characteristics and types of social groups with suitable examples.
4. What is meant by social institution? Discuss marriage and family as institutions.
5. Define social stratification. Discuss how caste becomes a basis of stratification.
6. Describe the various theories of social change.
7. Define culture and explain the various functions of culture.
8. Write the salient features of associative social processes.
9. What are social norms, folkways, mores and laws? Explain their role in human societies.
10. Write short notes on any TWO of the following: (a) cultural lag (b) polygamy (c) role and status (d) conflict.

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Paper II SOCIAL THOUGHT

Time: Three hours

Maximum: 100 marks

Answer any FIVE of the following.

1. Evaluate Comte's conception of sociology as a science.
2. Bring out the essential features of Herber Spencer's theory of social evolution.
3. Comment on Karl Marx theory of class struggle.
4. Bring out the essence of interpretation of religion and methodology of Durkheim.
5. Examine the nature and application of Ideal types with suitable examples.
6. Explain Parson's views on Action theory of social system.
7. Write short notes on any two of the following: (a) Alienation (b) Suicide (c) Social structure (d) Pattern variable
8. Evaluate the conception of manifest and latent functions in the writings of Robert K. Merton.
9. Comment on C.H. Cooley's theory of "self-looking class self".
10. Discuss the various functions of conflict according to Coser.
(d) Nursing profession.

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Paper III -SOCIAL RESEARCH AND STATISTICS

Time: Three hours

Maximum: 100 marks

Answer any FIVE of the following.

1. Define scientific method and discuss its significance in social research.
2. What is a research design? Explain the components of descriptive design with an illustration.
3. What is hypothesis? Examine the need for hypothesis in social research.

4. Discuss the significance of observation as a method of data collection.
5. Explain the secondary data and their sources for social research.
6. Define statistics and discuss its scope in social research.
7. Explain the steps of coding, classification and tabulation of social data.
8. (a) Define correlation and explain its uses. (b) Calculate correlation coefficient from the following data. X: 9 8765432 1 y: 123 456789
9. (a) Discuss relatively merits and demerits of the various measures of dispersion. (b) Calculate the coefficient of variance from the following observation.
240.12, 240.13, 240.15, 240.12, 240.17 240.15, 240.17, 240.16, 240.22, 240.21
10. Write short notes on any TWO of the following: (a) Questionnaire (b) Sampling (c) Interview (d) Case study

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Paper IV STUDY OF INDIAN SOCIAL STRUCTURE

Time: Three hours

Maximum: 100 marks

Answer any FIVE of the following.

1. Examine Hindu Philosophy. How does it influence Hindu Life?
2. Discuss various theories related to the origin and development of caste system.
3. Examine the factors which account for the persistence of untouchables
4. Define joint family and describe its characteristics. Discuss the role of migration in its break down.
5. Describe the significance of marriage and the changes taking place in Hindu marriage system.
6. Give your critical remarks on the position of women in the contemporary society.
7. What is social change? Point out the changes found in Indian cultural life.
8. Define modernization and analyze the influence of modernization in Indian Society.
9. Discuss the important characteristics of Jajmani system and its importance in traditional economic organization in India.
10. Write short notes on any TWO of the following: (a) Varnas (b) Caste among muslims (c) Sanskritization (d) Kinship

MAY 2006 Second Year

Paper II INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS AND LABOUR WELFARE

Time: Three hours

Maximum: 100 marks

Answer any FIVE of the following.

1. Discuss the meaning and the significance of industrial relations in Indian context.
2. Examine the role of trade unions in resolving industrial conflicts.
3. Critically examine the legislations related to industrial disputes in India.
4. Distinguish between voluntary and compulsory arbitration. Which one is preferable in terms of effectiveness in settling industrial disputes?
5. Elucidate the importance of social relations at work.

6. Bring out various welfare measures related to safety, medical and health problems of workers in Indian industries.
7. Define social security and discuss the security problems of laborers in industries.
8. Describe the benefits provided to the insured workers under the "Employees". State Insurance . scheme.
- 9.State and describe the current trends of industrial relations policy in India.
10. Write short notes on any TWO of the following: (a) Maternity benefits. (b) Child labour (c) Right to strike (d) Mechanization.

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Paper III RURAL WELFARE ADMINISTRATION

Time: Three hours

Maximum: 100 marks

Answer any FIVE of the following.

1. Elucidate the nature and scope of rural welfare. Discuss its objectives.
2. Who are scheduled castes and mention the constitutional measures to remove their disabilities?
3. Explain the changes that have taken place in traditional economic institutions of rural Tamilnadu.
4. Write an essay on the various rural problems in India.
5. Critically assess the impact of integrated rural development programme in Tamilnadu.
6. Briefly explain the concept of social welfare and bring out the importance of noon-meal scheme for women and children.
7. Enumerate the problems in the administration of rural welfare programmes.
8. Evaluate the role of UNO and WHO in rural development administration.
- 9 .Examine the role played by rural cooperatives in socio-economic development of rural people.
10. Write short notes on any TWO of the following :(a) Problems of landless laborers (b) Division of labour (c) Rural economy (d) NABARD.

MAY 2006 Paper III SOCIOLOGY OF HEALTH

Time: Three hours

Maximum: 100 marks

Answer any FIVE of the following.

1. Trace the origin of social medicine in India. Bring out clearly the importance of study of sociology of health.
2. Define epidemiology. Analyze the role of physical and psychological factors in causing disease.
3. What do you understand by social components? Examine the importance of social components in therapy and rehabilitation.
4. Elaborate the role of hospital as a social institution and bring out the important functions of hospital.
5. Write an essay on the sick role and the patient role.
6. Critically analyze the role of the primary health centers in promoting community health.
7. Drug abuse and drug addiction is on the increase in all metropolitan cities of India. Suggest suitable strategies to contain combat the problem.

8. Bring out in detail the role of social welfare in paediatric, skin and psychiatry wings of effective Medicare system.
9. Assess the role of mass media in the promotion of health.
10. Write short notes on any two of the following: (a) Drug control (b) STD (c) Sickness and Mal-adaptation