

## Paper I — MATHEMATICAL PHYSICS

(For those who joined in July 2003 and after)

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 100 marks

Answer ALL questions.

All questions carry equal marks.

(5 × 20 = 100)

1. (a) (i) State and prove Stokes theorem.  
 (ii) Verify Stokes theorem for the vector  $F = (z, x, y)$  taken over the half of the sphere  $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = a^2$  lying above the  $xy$  plane.

Or

- (b) Define contravariant and co-variant tensors? And show that the law of transformation for a contravariant tensors is transitive.

2. (a) (i) Deduce the value of  $\Gamma(1/2)$ .  
 (ii) Find the relation between Beta and Gamma function.

(iii) Show that  $\beta(m, n) = \beta(n, m)$ .

Or

- (b) Distinguish Dirac delta function from Kronecker delta function and show that  $\delta(x^2 - a^2) = 1/2a \{\delta(x + a) + \delta(x - a)\}$  where  $a > 0$ .

3. (a) Derive the Cauchy-Riemann's equation  $f(z)$  is expressed in polar coordinates.

Or

- (b) Find the cosine transformation of  $X^n e^{-ax}$ .  
 4. (a) (i) Starting from the definition of  $J_n(x)$  prove that  $J_{n-1}(x) + J_{n+1}(x) = 2n/x J_n(x)$ .

(ii) Obtain the series solution of the Hermite differential equation  $y'' - 2xy' + 2ny = 0$  when  $n = 2$ .

Or

- (b) (i) Prove that following recurrence relation for the Laguerre polynomials  $L_n(x) - nL'_{n-1} + nL_{n-1}(x) = 0$ .

(ii) Construct the polynomial solution of Legendre's differential equation for  $m = 0$ .

5. (a) Derive the wave equation for a perfectly flexible stretched string and then construct a Fourier series solution for it.

Or

- (b) Construct the Green's function for the non-homogeneous problem  $d^2u/dx^2 = f(x)$  with the boundary conditions  $u(0) = u(1) = 0$ .



